



MotoHawk Control Solutions

ECM-S12X-070-1001

Engine Control Module

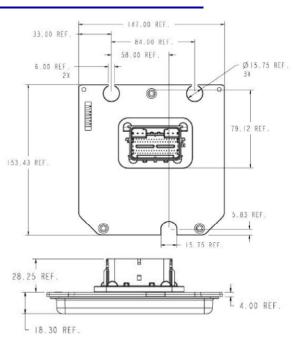
Description

The ECM-S12X-070-1001 Engine Control Module from Woodward's new MotoHawk Control Solutions product line. These rugged controllers are capable of operating in harsh automotive, marine, and off-highway applications. Numerous marine applications have proven the capability of this family. Based on the Freescale MC9S12 family of microprocessors, the ECM-S12X-070-1001 is capable of delivering complex control strategies. The onboard fixed-point unit and high clock frequency allow software to be executed in shorter times. The CAN 2.0B datalink ensures interoperability with other vehicle systems.

The ECM-S12X-070-1001 is part of the MotoHawk ControlCore[®] line of embedded control systems. The ControlCore operating system, MotoHawk[®] code generation product, and MotoHawk's suite of development tools enable rapid development of complex control systems.

This controller is only available in the 'C' (Calibratible) version. This module can be used for either production purposes or for prototyping/development. It can be calibrated in real time using MotoTune[®].

Physical Dimensions



- 70-pin platform
- Microprocessor: Freescale MC9S12XEP100, 50 MHz
- Memory: 1M Flash, 64K RAM, + 32K D-Flash, 4K internal EEPROM, 64K serial FRAM
- Operating Voltage:
 6.5–16 Vdc, 24 V (jump start), 5 V (crank)
- Operating Temperature: -40 to +85 °C (105 °C possible in some applications)

Inputs:

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- 17 Analog
- 1 Oxygen Sensor
 - 1 VR or Digital Encoder (Crank)
- 1 Digital Encoder (CAM)
- 1 Digital Frequency (Speed)
- 4 Switch to GND
- 1 E-STOP

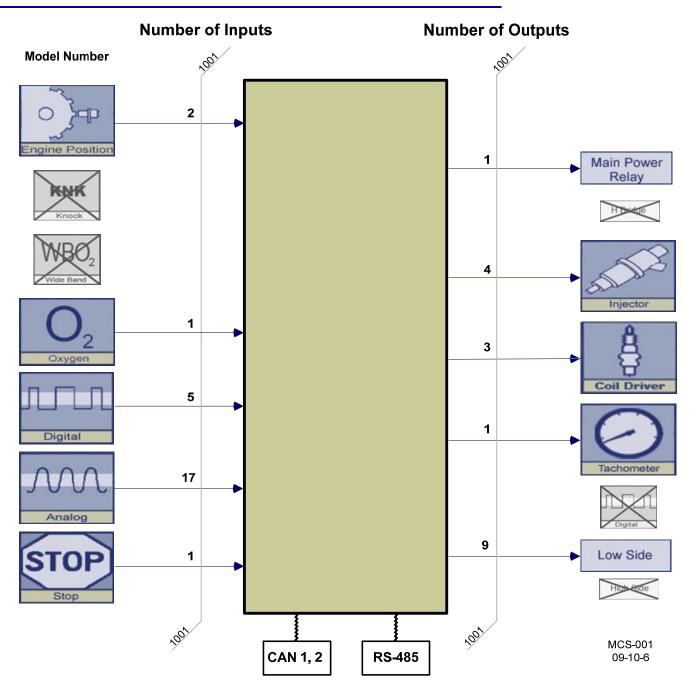
Outputs:

- 4 Fuel Injector
- 3 Spark
- 9 Low Side Drivers
- 1 Tach Driver
- 1 Main Power Relay Driver
- 2 Sensor Supply (5 V) Outputs

Communications:

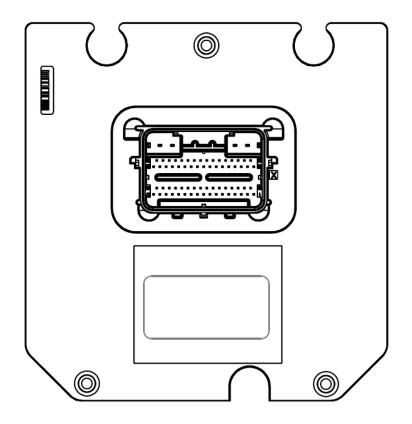
- 2 CAN 2.0B channels
- 1 RS-485 channel

Simple Block Diagram

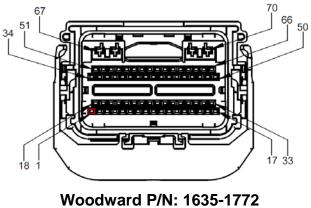


Ordering Information

| Controller | Part No. | w/Mounting Hardware | Boot Key (P/N) | Boot Cable | Pigtail Harness | Development Harness | Desktop Simulator Harness (P/N) |
|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ECM-S12X-070- 1001-C00 | 1751-6466 | 8923-1640 | N/A | 5404-1144 | 5404-1141 | 5404-1143 | 5404-1207 |



Connector viewed from wire insertion side:



TYCO ELECTRONICS P/N: 1438136-1

Block Diagram

| | ECM7 | 0 | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| 67 | BATTERY | - MPRD - | 8 |
| 52 | KEYSW | · • | 57 |
| 14 | | | 58 |
| 13 | CNKVR+ | | |
| 5 | CNKVR- | | 49 |
| <u></u> | CNKDG (47.5K PD) | FORTT | 50 |
| 30 | CAMDG (47.5K PD) | FUELZ | 65 |
| | (1K PU5, S/W SELECTABLE) | | 48 |
| 22 | AN01 (51K PD) | FOEL4 | 32 |
| 20 | AN02 (1K PU5) | SPARKI | 33 |
| 21 | AN03 (1K PU5) | SFARIZ | <u>55</u> 66 |
| 53 | AN04 (220K PD) | SPARK3 - | 00 |
| 54 | AN05 (220K PD) | | 6.0 |
| <u>39</u> | AN06 (51K PD) | | 69 |
| 10 | AN07 (205 PU5) | | <u>47</u> |
| <u>18</u> 12 | AN08 (500 PD) | LSO1C - | 64 |
| 35 | AN09 (51K PD) | + | 3 |
| 6 | AN10 (51K PD) | ¥ LSO2 - | |
| 38 | AN11 (1K PU5) | + | 16 |
| 37 | AN12 (10K PU5) | T 1803 - | 10 |
| 36 | AN13 (205 PU5) | ± 1804 - | 61 |
| 40 | AN14 (51K PD) AN15 (205 PU5) | | |
| 7 | AN15 (205 P05) AN16 (150K PU5) | LSO5 - | 63 |
| 44 | AN17 (220K PD) | 1303 | |
| 19 | AN18 (1M PU 0.45) | LS06 - | 43 |
| 59 | O2ALO (GND) | LSO7 – | 2 |
| 27 | O2BLO (GND) | | 5.6 |
| 41 | | LSO8 - | 56 |
| 11 | STOP (1K PU5) | LSO9 - | 60 |
| 9 | SWG1 (1K PU5) | | |
| 31 | SWG2 (1K PU5) | (1.8K PU12) TACH LINK | 4 |
| 62 | SWG3 (1K PU5) SWG4 (1K PU5) | (| |
| | | | |
| 15 | DFRQ (1K PU5) | XDRPWR1 | 34 |
| | | | 42 |
| 28 | RS-485+ (A) | ר חזות התע | 51 |
| 29 | RS-485- (B) | ADREWRZ – | 10 |
| 23 | CAN1H | | 60 |
| 24 | CAN1L | PWRGNDI | 68 70 |
| 26 | | PWRGNDZ | 1 |
| 25 | CAN2H | GND (Tedundanc) | <u> </u> |
| 20 | CAN2L | GND (reduiidaiic) | 45 |
| | | GND (Tedundanc) | 46 |
| | 70 PI | | |

| Input Signal Conditioning | Notes (see Resource by Connector Pin table and/or block diagram for pull up/pull down resistor levels) |
|---|---|
| datasheet values. Actual capability is somewhere betwee | d the state of all other inputs and outputs. In most cases it |
| Power and Ground | (Note—See Figure 1 in "Typical Circuit Schematics" |
| BATTERY, ECUP (KEY SWITCH), DRVP1, DRVP2, PWRGND1, PWRGND2, XDRG1, XDRG2, O2ALO, O2BLO, GND | section for Power and Ground Block Diagram) |
| BATTERY(67) | V_{BATT} (min) = 5 V (crank transient) and 6.5 V |
| BATT is normally connected to battery via a fuse. | (continuous) V _{BATT} (nom) = 8-16 V |
| | I_{BATT} (key off, max) = 1 mA at V_{BATT} = 13 V (Battery drain when module is off) |
| ECUP (KEY SWITCH)(52) | V _{IL} (max) = 18 V |
| This input is the user interface to turn the module on | V_{IH} (min)= 4 V V_{ADC} = 0.181 x V_{KEYSW} (10-bit resolution) |
| and off. | $\tau = 1.8 \text{ ms}$ |
| DRVP1 (57), DRVP2 (58) | $V_{\rm IN} = 0$ to 18 V |
| These pins are normally connected to the output of | V_{ADC} = 0.181 x V_{KEYSW} (10-bit resolution |
| the main power relay, Driver Power (battery voltage). | τ = 1.8 ms |
| They provide a current path back to the load (e.g. controlled current) as well as a power source to the internal H-bridges. | Note —Unless otherwise specified, all low-side loads assume protection from reverse battery via the main power relay and DRVP. |
| PWRGND1(68), PWRGND2(70) These pins are the single point ground for the module. | Note —All DRVG terminals are internally connected (one electrical node). |
| XDRG1(42), XDRG2(10) | Note —These pins are signal return paths from analog |
| Transducer Grounds | sensors and or switch inputs |
| O2ALO(59), O2BLO(27) | Note —These pins are signal return paths from oxygen |
| The O_2 sensors grounds | sensors. Because the ECU ties these signal return paths to the single point ground, the O_2 sensor must be isolated. |
| GND (Redundant) (1,17,45,46) | Note —Internally, ECM70 uses a ground plane. These pins may be used as redundant grounds if necessary. |

| Input Signal Conditioning | Notes (see Resource by Connector Pin table and/or block diagram for pull up/pull down resistor levels) |
|--|--|
| CNKVR+(14), CNKVR– (13) Variable reluctance input | Vin (min) = 1 volt (peak-peak) at 24 Hz Vin (max) = 360 volts (peak-peak) at 3000 Hz $F_{_{3dB}} = 569$ Hz Note —The frequency (min and max) are dependent on the input signal waveform and software processing of the conditioned signal. |
| CNKDG(5) This is a digital position input, normally used for crankshaft position. | |
| CAMDG(30) This is a digital position input, normally used for the camshaft. It includes a software selectable pull-up resistor and is suitable for 5-volt or open-drain type sensors. | $V_{\text{L}}(\text{max}) = 2.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{\text{H}}(\text{min}) = 3.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{\text{HYST}} = 400 \text{ mV}$ $T = 1 \text{ ms}$ $R_{\text{PULLUP}} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to 5 V software selectable}$ $R_{\text{PULLDOWN}} = 47.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ Note —Typical applications will use a 50% duty-cycle (half moon) sensor. No internal termination. |
| DFRQ(15) Digital frequency input. | V _{IL} (max) = 2.0 V V _{IH} (min) = 3.0 V V _{HYST} = 400 mV T = 5 μs R _{PULLUP} = 1 kΩ to 5 V |
| Analog Inputs AN01(22), AN02(20), AN03(21), AN04(53), AN05(54), AN06(39), AN07(55), AN09(12), AN10(35), AN11(6), AN12(38), AN13(37), AN14(36), AN15(40), AN16(7), AN17(44) See Figure 2 in "Typical Circuit Schematics" section. | Vin = 0 to 5 volts $V_{A/D} = V_{IN}$ T = 1 ms A/D Resolution: 10-bits A/D Accuracy: 0.6% Note —Short-to-ground and short-to-battery protected. The pull-up or pull-down values are specified in Block Diagram on page 4 and Connector Pinout descriptions on page 11. Normal Input voltage: 0–16 V |
| | $V_{A/D} = 0.181(V_{IN})$ A/D Accuracy: 5% (0–16 V) |
| AN18(19) | R_{PULLUP} = 13 MΩ, 5% to 5 V R_{PULLDOWN} = 1.2 MΩ, 5% Note— Input designed for oxygen sensor, doesn't allow for any amplification. Software selectable pull-up 1 kΩ |
| Switch Inputs SWG1(11), SWG2(9), SWG3(31), SWG4(62). | $R_{PULLUP} = 1.0 kΩ$ τ = 1 ms Vil (max) = 2.0 V Vih (min) = 3.0 V Vhyst (min) = 0.4 V Note — Short-to-ground and short-to-battery protected. |

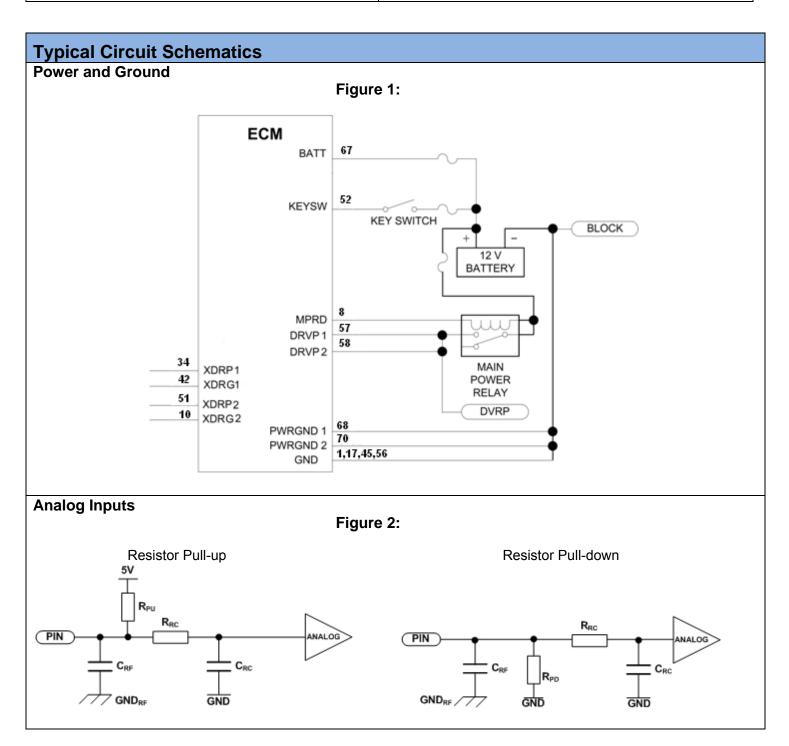
| Input Signal Conditioning | Notes |
|---------------------------|--|
| STOP (41) | $R_{PULLUP} = 1.0 kΩ to 5 V$ Analog Monitor: τ = 180 us V _{A/D} = V _{IN} (analog monitor) A/D Resolution: 10-bits A/D Accuracy: 0.6% |
| | Digital Monitor: $\tau = 1 \text{ ms}$ Vil (max) = 2.0 V Vih (min) = 3.0 V Vhyst (min) = 0.4 V |

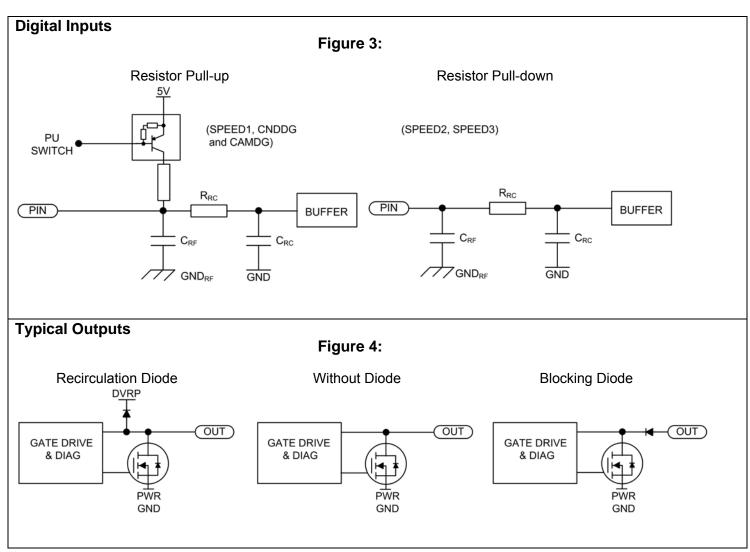
| Output Signal Conditioning | Notes |
|---|---|
| See Figure 4 in "Typical Circuit Schematics" section. | Outputs are protected from shorts to battery and ground. Outputs have open circuit and short circuit detection. |
| | Low-side output drivers sink current and the maximum current must not exceed the specified value, Imax. |
| | Stored energy in an inductive load, E=0.5*L*(I^2), must not exceed the specified value, Emax. |
| | LSO3, LSO4, LSO5, and LSO8 are implemented as integrated outputs on the same IC. A short-to-battery on one of these outputs may also cause the other outputs to turn-off. |
| | LSO7 is not protected from a short to battery when the key is off and software is not operating. |
| XDRP1(34), XDRP2(51) | Vout: 5 V ± 0.5% lout (max): 100 mA |
| 5-volt supply for analog sensors. | $R_{PULLDOWN} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega(\text{monitor circuit})$ T = 5 ms V _{A/D} = 0.5(V _{IN}) |
| | A/D Resolution: 10-bits A/D Accuracy: 4% (0–5.25 V) |
| | Note —XDRPx is on whenever the key switch is on. When the key switch is turned off, XDRPx remains on until software shuts the system down. |
| TACH – LINK(4) | R_{PULLUP} = 1.8 kΩ to key switch |
| 0-12 volt pulsed output, implemented as low side output with pull-up resistor | Isink (max) = 250 mA Isource (max) = 7 mA (at Vkeysw = 14 V) Trise (max) = 7 μs (@ external 200 ohm load to battery) Tfall (max) = 3 μs (@ external 200 ohm load to battery) |
| | Note —Short to battery and short to ground protected. Short to ground not detected. LINK is a "bit-banged" serial interface, enabled via software. |
| MPRD (8) Main power relay control output | ISINK (max) = 500 mA Emax = 50 mJ Note —The high-side of the main power relay is normally connected to battery (fused). Reverse battery-protected via series blocking diode. |

| Output Signal Conditioning | Notes |
|--|---|
| SPARK1(32), SPARK2(33), SPARK3(66) Low-side output driver, IGBT | Imax = 10 A (peak) Note —Imax of 10 A directly implies that the average current during Ton is 5 A. |
| INJ1(49), INJ2(50), INJ3(65), INJ4(48) Low-side output driver | Imax = 1.4 A Lmax (load) = 12 mH Duty-cycle: 0 to 100% Note —Clamped at 47 V (nominal) |
| LSO1A(69),LSO1B(47),LSO1C(64), Low-side output with current monitor | ISINK (max) = 12 A (discrete) or 3 A (PWM) $T = 220 \ \mu s$ (monitor circuit) $V_{A/D} = 0.255$ (lout) A/D Resolution: 10 bits A/D Accuracy: 20% @ 4 A, 10% @ 12 A Note —Implementation uses low-side drive with flyback (recirculation) diode to DRVP. |
| LSO2(3) Low-side output with PWM capability | Imax = 2 A Fmax = 500 Hz Note —The 500 Hz maximum frequency results from excess power dissipation during a short to battery. Implementation uses low-side drive with flyback (recirculation) diode to DRVP. |
| LSO3(16),LSO4(61) Low-side output with PWM capability | Imax = 1 A Fmax = 1000 Hz Note —The 1000 Hz maximum frequency results from excess power dissipation during a short to battery. Implementation uses low-side drive with flyback (recirculation) diode to DRVP. |
| LSO5(63),LSO8(56) Low-side output | Imax = 1 A Emax = 100 mJ Fmax = 1000 Hz Note —There is no flyback diode on this output. The 1000 Hz maximum frequency results from excess power dissipation during a short to battery. |
| LSO6(43), LSO9(60), Low-side output | Imax = 500 mA Emax = 50 mJ Note —There is no flyback diode on this output. Short to battery and short to ground protected. Short to ground not detected. Clamped at 45 V (nominal). |
| LSO7(2) Low-side output Caution: Normally on (even with key off) | Imax = 2 A Emax = 50 mJ Note —There is no flyback diode on this output. Short to battery and short to ground protected. Short to ground not detected. Clamped at 47 V (nominal). |

| Communications | |
|---|--|
| CAN1Hi(23), CAN1Lo(24), CAN2Hi(26), CAN2Lo(25) | High-speed CAN 2.0B buses, no internal termination. 500 kps capable, validated to 250 kps |
| RS485+(28), RS485-(29) | RS-485 serial lines |

| Memory | |
|--------|----------------------------|
| FLASH | Base 256K, Calibratible 1M |
| RAM | Base 16K, Calibratible 64K |
| EEPROM | 4K EEPROM; serial |





Connector Pinouts

| Pin# | | Pin# | | Pin# | | Pin# | |
|------|---|------|--|------|---|------|--|
| | GND | | AN18 | | AN13 | | AN5 |
| _ | Ground | | Analog input 18 | | Analog input 13 | 54 | Analog input 5 |
| 1 | | 19 | R _{PULLUP} =1 MΩ (O ₂ sensor) | 37 | R _{PULLUP} =201 Ω, 1% | | R _{PULLDOWN} =220 kΩ, 5% |
| | LSO7 | | AN2 | | AN12 | | AN7 |
| 2 | Low Side Output 7 | 20 | Analog input 2 | 38 | Analog input 12 | 55 | Analog input 7 |
| 2 | Normally on, 2 A, No diode | 20 | R _{PULLUP} =1.0 kΩ, 1% | 50 | R _{PULLUP} =10.0 kΩ, 1% | 55 | R _{PULLUP} =201 Ω, 1% |
| | LSO2 | | AN3 | _ | AN6 | | LSO8 |
| 3 | Low Side Output 2 | 21 | Analog input 3 | 39 | Analog input 6 | 56 | Low Side Output 8 |
| | Recirc. diode, 2 A | 21 | R _{PULLUP} =1.0 kΩ, 1% | 00 | R _{PULLDOWN} =51.1 kΩ, 1% | | No diode, 1 A |
| | TACH_LINK | | AN1 | - | AN15 | | DRVP1 |
| 4 | Digital Output | 22 | Analog input 1 | 40 | Analog input 15 | 57 | Driver Power |
| | 0/12 V, Isink 250 mA, Isource 7 mA, serial | | R _{PULLDOWN} =51.1 kΩ, 1% | | R _{PULLUP} =201 Ω, 1% | 51 | |
| | CNKDG | | CAN1H | - | STOP | | DRVP2 |
| 5 | Digital Input | 23 | CAN Hi | 41 | Emergency Stop Input | 58 | Driver Power |
| | Rpulldown=47.5 kΩ | 20 | CAN2.0b | 41 | With Monitor, disables MPRD, R _{PULLUP} =1.0 kΩ | | |
| | AN11 | | CAN1L | _ | XDRG1 | 59 | O2ALO |
| 6 | Analog input 11 | 24 | CAN Lo | 42 | Transducer Ground | | Oxygen Sensor Ground |
| | R _{PULLUP} =1.0 kΩ, 1% | | CAN2.0b | | | | |
| | AN16 | | CAN2L | | LSO6 | | LSO9 |
| 7 | Analog input 16 | 25 | CAN Lo | 43 | Low Side Output 6 | 60 | Low Side Output 9 |
| | R _{PULLUP} = 150 kΩ | | CAN2.0b | | No diode, 500 mA | | No diode, 500 mA |
| | MPRD | | CAN2H | | AN17 | | LSO4 |
| 8 | Main Power Relay Driver | 26 | CAN Hi | 44 | Analog input 17 | 61 | Low Side Driver 4 |
| | Blocking diode, 500 mA | 20 | CAN2.0b | | R _{PULLDOWN} =220 kΩ, 5% | | Recirc. diode, 1 A |
| | SWG2 | | O2BLO | _ | GND | | SWG4 |
| 9 | Switch-to-ground input | 27 | Oxygen Sensor Ground | 45 | Ground | 62 | Switch-to-ground input |
| | R _{PULLUP} = 1.0 kΩ | | (for optional population) | | | | $R_{PULLUP} = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ |
| | XDRG2 | | RS-485+ | | GND | | LSO5 |
| 10 | Transducer Ground | 28 | Serial communication | 46 | Ground | 63 | Low Side Driver 5 |
| | | | | | | | No diode, 1 A |
| | SWG1 | | RS-485- | - | LSO1B | | LSO1C |
| 11 | Switch-to-ground input | 29 | Serial communication | 47 | Low Side Output with monitor (same as 64,69) | 64 | Low Side Output with monitor (same as 47,69) |
| | $R_{pullup} = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ | | | | Recirc. diode, 12 A (or 3 A PWM) | | Recirc. diode, 12 A (or 3 A PWM) |

| Pin# | | Pin# | | Pin# | | Pin# | |
|------|---------------------------------------|------|--|------|--------------------------------------|------|--|
| | AN9 | | CAMDG | | FUEL4 | | FUEL3 |
| 12 | Analog input 9 | 30 | Digital input. Software selectable pull-up | 48 | Low-side output driver | 65 | Low-side output driver |
| | R _{PULLDOWN} =51.1 kΩ, 1% | | Rpullup = 1.0 kΩ Rpulldown = 47.5 kΩ | | Imax = 1.4 A | | Imax = 1.4 A |
| | CNKVR- | | SWG3 | | FUEL1 | | SPARK3 |
| 13 | Differential Frequency Input | 31 | Switch-to-ground input | 49 | Low-side output driver | 66 | Low-side output driver, IGBT |
| | | | R _{PULLUP} = 1.0 kΩ | | Imax = 1.4 A | | Imax = 10 A |
| | CNKVR+ | | SPARK1 | | FUEL2 | | VBATT+ |
| 14 | Differential Frequency Input | 32 | Low-side output driver, IGBT | 50 | Low-side output driver | 67 | Battery input |
| | | | Imax = 10 A | | Imax = 1.4 A | | |
| | DFRQ | | SPARK2 | | XDRP2 | | PWRGND1 |
| 15 | Digital Frequency Input | 33 | Low-side output driver, IGBT | 51 | Transducer Power | 68 | Power Ground |
| | | | Imax = 10 A | | 5 V Output | | |
| | LSO3 | | XDRP1 | | KEYSW | | LS01A |
| 16 | Low Side Output 3 | 34 | Transducer Power | 52 | Key switch | 69 | Low Side Output with monitor (same as 47,64) |
| | Recirc. diode, 1 A | | 5 V Output | | R _{PULLDOWN} = 500 Ω | | Recirc. diode, 12 A (or 3 A PWM) |
| | GND | | AN10 | | AN4 | | PWRGND2 |
| 17 | Ground | 35 | Analog input 10 | 53 | Analog input 4 | 70 | Power Ground |
| 17 | | 55 | R _{PULLDOWN} =51.1 kΩ, 1% | 53 | R _{PULLDOWN} =220 kΩ, 5% | 10 | |
| | AN8 | | AN14 | | | | |
| 40 | Analog input 8 | 20 | Analog input 14 | | | | |
| 18 | R _{pulldown} =500 Ω | 36 | R _{pulldown} =51.1 kΩ, 1% | | | | |

Environmental Ratings

| Environmental Ratings | Notes |
|---|---|
| | |
| Storage Temperature | –40 to +125 °C |
| Operating Temperature | –40 to +85 °C (105 °C applications possible) |
| Thermal Shock | –40 to +125 °C |
| Fluid Resistance | Two-stroke motor oil, four-stroke motor oil, unleaded gasoline, ASTM Reference 'C' fuel |
| Humidity Resistance | 90% humidity at 85 °C for 1000 hours. |
| Salt Fog Resistance | 500 hours. 5% salt fog, 35 °C. |
| Immersion | 4.34 psi (29.92 kPa) test (simulated 10 feet/3 m), salt water, 20 minutes. |
| Mechanical Shock | 50 G's, 11 ms, half sine wave. |
| Drop Test | Drop test on concrete from 1 meter. |
| Vibration This ECM family has been successfully deployed with on-engine mounting for small displacement engine applications with extreme vibrations. Electrical and mechanical isolation is achieved via Woodward mounting hardware (consisting of grommet, bushing, and washer) shown at the right. IMPORTANT For prior verification of performance capability, contact Woodward and provide the vibration profile of the intended application. | |

WOODWARD

PO Box 1519, Fort Collins CO, USA 80522-1519 1000 East Drake Road, Fort Collins CO 80525 Tel.: +1 (970) 482-5811 • Fax: +1 (970) 498-3058 mcsinfo@woodward.com • mcs.woodward.com www.woodward.com

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